

Dillsborough Recorder.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 3, 1875.

THE UNIVERSITY.

The Trustees of the University, through a Committee appointed for that purpose have memorialized the Legislature upon the subject of the revival of the Institution and seizing hold of what is entirely practicable, have suggested a mode by which the University may be resumed in July. It is for the State to recognize the obligation to maintain the fund arising from the sale of the Agricultural Scrip donated by Congress in its integrity.

This is plain, and at the same time it points out a duty which is imperative. The State of North Carolina is firmly bound by its former legislative Acts to the fulfillment of obligations assumed. She must either apply the fund as she agreed to do, or she must return the fund, principal and interest to the government of the United States. This is the engagement, and it must be met one day or the other. The government has no tender feeling for any State in the South, and will hear to no plea of poverty, and listen to no excuse that the fund arising from the sale of the Scrip was invested in worthless bonds. That is our look out, not that of the government. The proceeds of the scrip were invested in special tax bonds, and are therefore not available.

But the committee ask the Legislature to recognize this fund as a valid one, and as charge against the State. The interest of this fund, amounting to about \$7,500 annually to be applied to the support of the University. This will be a starting point, and will enable the Trustees to begin the exercise of the University in July, on a small scale it is true, but in the way in which it is more appropriate to begin, for the benefit of the Agricultural educational interests of the State. For it is obligatory to use the fund in this way, and the farmer will at once reap a benefit which at once gives him the facilities of a liberal education.

The Legislature rests under two obligations, one to the government, the other to the youths of the State. The first it must meet by fulfilling the last, or it must place itself in the humiliating position of returning to the United States the whole of this large sum which it decides is not wise enough to value its opportunities. Will the Legislature in the first place be false to a plain duty? Or will it add additional burdens to the overloaded tax payers by returning this fund to the Government? One thing or the other must be done, either to return the fund, or apply it to the objects of the donation.

We believe there will be no hesitation, we think the Legislature appreciates its responsibility, we believe it has due interest in the cause of education, we believe it will do justice to the farmer so long neglected in the facilities for enlightened instruction. And therefore we can have no doubts as to its action.

THE PUBLIC DEBT.

A Bill providing for the settlement of the Public Debt on certain terms passed the Senate on Tuesday. The debt is consolidated, leaving out the special tax bonds. The whole amount consolidated is \$14,702,045 which is to be funded into new bonds to the extent of \$4,569,800, as follows: Old debt \$5,578,900 at 40 cents per \$1, making \$2,231,560; registered certificates \$385,045, at 40 cents making \$153,218, funded internal improvement bonds, \$3,740,100, at 25 cents, making \$935,025. The bill provides the following interest: for the first two years 2 per cent., \$91,396 06 per annum, or 6 7-20 cts. on the \$100; for the next three years 3 per cent., \$187,096 06, or 8 3-5 cts. on the \$100; for the next five years 4 per cent., \$182,792 12, or 10 7-10 cts. on the \$100, for the next twenty years 5 per cent., \$228,490 15, or 10 1-2 cts. on the \$100.

This includes all the debt as reported by the Treasurer except the N. O. R. R. construction bonds, \$2,794,000, and the Special Tax Bonds.

Mr. Love gave notice that a supplemental bill would be introduced including the special Tax Bonds.

The bill is now before the House and will probably pass in its present shape. It may be considered a satisfactory solution to a great difficulty, preserving the honor of the State, and pressing at the same time with comparative lightness upon the tax payers. It is the middle ground between the full acknowledgement, of the whole obligation, and repudiation, a compromise between the preservation and total sacrifice of the credit of the State.

A bill has been introduced in the Legislature appointing Messrs K. P. Battle, Thomas S. Kemas, Dr. P. Jones, J. E. Brown and Dr. G. T. Murphy commissioners to superintend the enlargement of the insane Asylum.

The News says, Mr. Mendenhall introduced into the House on Monday resolutions looking to the production of some fruits from the investigations of the Bragg and Shipp Committees. The resolutions speak a very general sentiment, that investigations pursued with such diligence, entering into such minute details, and unearthing so much of dishonesty, should not be wholly inconsequential. The State was robbed without mercy, the public credit destroyed, the load of taxation increased, and public enterprises checked or destroyed.

Yast sums were devoured as spoils among the plunderers, and they have never been compelled to disgorge. No one has ever been brought to punishment, absolute immunity is the reward of guilt, and a premium has been awarded to the perpetration of crime.

The resolutions are timely, and such as might be expected as emanations of that sturdy old North Carolina sentiment of honesty and pride in the good name of our State, which it is pleasant to see are not altogether extinct.

IN DEMAND.

The Raleigh News says, the demand for Thorne's pamphlet exceeds even that of hot cakes for breakfast. "Where can I get one of those pamphlets?" is the question propounded to us from one end of Fayetteville street to the other. We are pleased, however, to state that only twenty-five have been thrown on this market, and some one should hunt those up and cremate them. If the works of Tom Payne and Voltaire are dangerous reading, then is Thorne's pamphlet the more. The bad names of these infamous authors live only in history while Thorne, more infamous still, here in our midst, and a member of the General Assembly of North Carolina, the acknowledged leader of 2,500 ignorant Warren county secessors, may wield some influence, pernicious though it be. For the sake of our young men and boys, as well as those misguided negroes that sent him here, the whole edition of the pamphlet ought to be seized and used as fuel to cremate the author.

A SCRAP OF HISTORY.

The Charlotte Observer says an old citizen of Charlotte gave us a little scrap of history yesterday. His father had told it to him. Every reader of the history of United States is acquainted with the life and character of Aaron Burr, and will remember that some time between the years 1800 and 1810, (we do not remember the exact date) while he was living on the island in the Ohio with the Frenchman, Blennerhassett, the friend whom he so cruelly betrayed, he was sent for and arrested by order of President Jefferson. His captors carried him through Charlotte on the way to Richmond, and on the day the party arrived here, having Burr with them, confined in a carriage, a general muster was in progress on the old green, on Tryon street. Burr saw the crowd, and, putting his head out of the window, told them who he was and called upon them to rescue him. The guard made him draw back immediately, but not before he had been heard.

The muster was suspended, and a consultation was held. Burr had many friends in the crowd who were strongly inclined to heed his entreaties, but they were dissuaded by the others. The guard, however, were much frightened, and drove rapidly ahead, not stopping once until they reached Salisbury.

IMPORTANT TO SHERIFFS.

The Wilmington Journal says, in a recent murder trial in Pasquotank county, Judge Kane, of the First Judicial District decided that the fact of a man not having paid his taxes disqualified him from acting as a juror. We learn that this is in accordance with a recent decision of the Supreme Court. If this be so Sheriff's should hereafter, when required to summon a venire, leave out all who stand in the category, and we especially commend this fact to the attention of Sheriff Manning.

The News says, the pension bill before Congress is made to include among its beneficiaries, soldiers of the war of 1812 who have been heretofore excluded on account of disloyalty—a very cheap concession, for death has got ahead of generosity, and left but few of the veterans to enjoy this postponed bounty. Let Congress show its sincerity of liberality by giving the pension to the 'disloyal' soldiers of the Mexican war. They fought for the Union, and mainly won its magnificent extension of territory. No after so-called treason can efface the claims of survivors upon the justice of the government.

The New York Herald says: Besides Senator Ferry, Messrs. Bayard, Ransom, and Thurman spoke with remarkable effectiveness, General Ransom, in particular, delighting and even surprising his friends.

LATEST.

The Senate on Monday passed a bill postponing the operations of the Emory bill until the first day of October next. This will remove many of the objections to the bill. The House will as doubt suspect.

The United States Senate has passed the Civil Rights bill and it only awaits the signature of the President to become a law.

The House of Representatives has passed the Force Bill, amending the original bill so as to make it applicable only to Louisiana, Mississippi and Alabama.

Our readers will excuse a small editorial supply this week, as our time has been more than usually occupied. We will not neglect them, but must yield to pressure.

W. S. Brownlow, of Tennessee, has purchased one half interest in the Knoxville Chronicle. He is tired of being Senator and wishes to try again the more honorable position as editor.

THE FORTY THIRD CONGRESS.

The Richmond Whig says: On Wednesday next, at 12 o'clock P. M., the Forty-third Congress will expire by constitutional limitation. Next day, the Senate will meet in extra session, under the call of the President, with so large an infusion of new members that it may be deemed a different body from that constituting the upper branch of the Forty-third Congress. The new element of its composition will increase the stability, dignity, and conservatism of the Senate. We congratulate the country upon the approaching dissolution of the present House of Representatives. It has made a record which will fasten upon it the reproaches of the virtuous, the just, and the patriotic for all time to come. It has deliberately done many things which should have been left undone, and wilfully omitted to do others which the peace and prosperity of the country urgently demanded. Its power for mischief is nearly ended, and we rejoice at the nearness of our deliverance.

The Little Rock Gazette gives vent to itself in the following graphic outline of the growth of Democracy South. There is one correction needed, and that is of a Radical from Kentucky, who comes in by a small majority.

"If a Democrat should wish to take a long ride through a Democratic territory he can do so. He can start from Galveston, on the coast of the Gulf of Mexico, and journeying through Texas, Arkansas, Missouri, Tennessee, Kentucky, West Virginia, Maryland, and Delaware reach the Atlantic coast without crossing the territory of a State that has a single Republican Representative in the next lower House of Congress. These eight States, extending through the heart of the Union, and they send 53 members to the National House of Representatives, and the whole 53 members elected are Democrats—not a black sheep in the flock. Should a Radical make the journey, he will discover that the Democratic party is 'not dead'."

This is not quite the kind of reconstruction in the South the Radicals thought they were fixing up. There work does not hold water.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—SENATE.—The Senate admitted Colorado and at the adjournment were at work on New Mexico. Senator Edmunds from the Judiciary Committee reported favorably on bills to remove the political disabilities of Edward Booker, John Withers and Beverly Kennon of Virginia; Robt. W. Johnson, of Arkansas; Jas. M. Quarles, of Tennessee; and Jas. M. Howe, of Kentucky. Placed on the calendar.

Mr. Chandler moved for an evening session for the consideration of the steamboat bill. Objected to by Mr. Edmunds, who said if the Senate were to postpone the regular order it would relieve him from all responsibility for the civil rights bill.

The bill restoring certain soldiers of 1812 to the pension rolls, lost by 29 to 34. Mr. Morton's bill for counting the Presidential vote and contingent question was taken up, and several amendments offered and adopted.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—SENATE.—The tariff bill was reported from the Committee on Finance without any amendments. The committee being equally divided on the bill. It was placed on the calendar.

House.—A compromise was made as to the order of business instead of occupying the day to the reading of yesterday's journal. The day was given to the appropriation bills and the evening session was assigned to debate on the force bill and the previous question is to be called on tomorrow.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26th.—It is conceded that the Democrats gained a substantial and great victory by allowing the debate on the Civil Rights bill to close Saturday afternoon, after which a limited debate is to continue indefinitely on the amendments. The Republicans were determined to force the vote on Thursday night. Had this been done, it would have left two additional days for Pinchback Louisiana and the Caucus Force bill. The Democrats are now confident of defeating all other political legislation.

The session to night was for debate only on the force bill. The fact that the Democrats waived the right to have the long journal of yesterday read, which would have consumed six or seven hours, is probably an indication that they have not much apprehension that the force bill can be passed the Senate.

Civil Rights bill resumed. Chairman offered an amendment striking out clause regarding State jurors. No other amendments were offered, yet the Senate is discussing the bill to night. Norwood made a telling speech.

ANNAPOLIS, February 26.—Gordon Claude, Cadet Engineer, has been dismissed from the Naval Academy for refusing to fight with a colored cadet.

RICHMOND, Feb. 26.—Henry G. Thomas has been elected Lieutenant Governor of Virginia vice Withers elected U. S. Senator.

The streams are flooding, but no serious damage is apprehended.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—In the Senate, Carpenter spoke against the passage of the Civil Rights bill.

The House, after disposing of a miscellaneous mass of business, under unanimous consent, resumed consideration of the force bill, and speeches were made against it by Young, of Georgia, Pierce, of Massachusetts and Poland, of Vermont.

It is stated that the Cabinet agreed yesterday in no contingency of a call of an extra session of Congress.

Senator Johnson, of Virginia, is too ill to occupy his seat.

MARKETS.

DANVILLE, Va., Feb. 26th.

Reported by S. H. Holland & Co., Receipts light and market very active.

Lags, Very common	8.00 to 10.00
" Good	10.00 to 12.00
" common bright	15.00 to 20.00
" fancy Smokers	25.00 to 40.00
Leaf, common red	10.00 to 12.00
" good	12.00 to 15.00
Wrappers, Medium	25.00 to 35.00
" Fine	40.00 to 50.00
" Extra	60.00 to 90.00

COTTON.—Raleigh Feb. 27th.—The market firm, and active receipts 240 bales. Low middlings at 15 1/2c; stained at 13.

We are indebted to the Raleigh News for our Cotton reports.

Wilmington, 26th. Cotton quiet. Middlings 14 1/2; low middlings 14 1/2.

Norfolk, 26th. Cotton quiet. Middlings 15 1/2.

FLOUR.—Flour, Markets dull and prices low. Raleigh, Feb. 27th. North Carolina \$7.25 to \$7.50.

Wheat.—Richmond 26th. No material changes, prices for both Red and White ranging between 1.21 to 1.25.

Provisions.—Richmond 26th. Western shoulders 8 1/2c. Clear rib sides 10 1/2c; clear 11 1/2c.

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CASH PRICES
\$50.00 PER TON
OF
2,000
pounds.

THE High Standard of Quality has been fully Maintained, and it is Considered by those who have given it a Fair Trial the
BEST AND CHEAPEST Fertilizer Manufactured.
LIBERAL AND ADVANTAGEOUS TERMS FOR LARGE LOTS, GIVEN ON APPLICATION.
LOCAL AGENTS AT ALL THE PRINCIPAL DEPOTS

DeROSSET & CO.,
GENERAL AGENTS
For North Carolina and Virginia, at **WILMINGTON, N. C.**
Jan. 27 Am.
T. P. BRADSHAW, Agent, Oaks.

WE OFFER OUR STANDARD FERTILIZERS
For the Season of 1875, delivered on the Cars, at our Factory, at the following
REDUCED PRICES:
SOLUBLE NEVASSA GUANO
At \$53.00 per Ton, Cash, or \$60.00, payable 1st of November, next:
NAVASSA ACID PHOSPHATE,
At \$43.00 per Ton, Cash, or \$38.00, payable 1st of November, next.
WE GUARANTEE that the previous High Grade of our Fertilizers shall be fully MAINTAINED.
R. BRIDGERS, President.
D. McRAE, Treasurer.
C. L. GRAFFLIN, Superintendent.
Feb. 3 Am.

HO! FOR THE NEW YEAR.
JUST RECEIVED AT BLACKWOOD'S
A Fresh supply of Men's Heavy Boots & Shoes, Boys Brown Shoes, Youth's Hugs, Women's Faced and Sewed shoes, Children's copper Tipped Shoes.
KEEPS constantly on hand a good line of
Men's Fleece Goods.
LADIES DRESS GOODS.
Alpacas, Delaines, Prints, Plaids, Ladies Shawls, Sonnets, Nubias, Scarfs, Ladies and Childrens Hoods, Tickings, Browns and Bleached Domestic.
Writing Paper, Tatted Paper and Envelopes, Pens, Pen Holders and Lead Pencils, Table and Pocket Cutlery, Crockery, Sugar, Coffee, Cheese and Crackers.
Flour, Meal, Powder, Shot, Caps, &c.
All of which will be sold very low for
CASH OR GOOD BARTER.
Thankful for past favors, and hope by strict attention to business and FAIR dealing to continue a good share of public patronage.
J. M. BLACKWOOD.
Jan. 6th 1875.

FOR SALE.
THAT valuable tract of LAND lying between the Chapel Hill and Pittsboro Roads, two miles South-west of Hillsboro, known as the Henry Witherspoon place. Containing one hundred and sixty acres more or less. On the premises are a good dwelling house, containing four rooms and a tenant house. There is a small orchard of excellent fruit, and the fruit on the place is never, or rarely ever killed by frost. There are two springs near the house of excellent water, one of them remarkably copious. There are about seven acres of Meadow land which can be irrigated on both sides of its whole length. There is a well supply of fine wood and timber for the necessary repairs to fences and buildings.
TERMS OF SALE:
One thousand dollars. One half cash, balance in one and two years. Time reserved until the last payment is made.
Purchasers are invited to visit the premises, and to apply to Hamilton and Graham, Esq's, for further information.
WILLIAM STREUDWICK.
Jan. 20 7th 15.

Administrator's Notice.
The subscriber having qualified as Administrator with the will annexed on the estate of Col. Charles M. Latimer, deceased, on the 1st day of February 1875, hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against the said Estate to present the same to him, on or before the 15th day of February 1875, duly substantiated or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.
THOMAS WEBB.
Administrator with the will annexed of CHARLES M. LATIMER, dec'd.
20th Feb. 1875.

GRAVES' WAREHOUSE DANVILLE, VA., FOR THE SALE OF LEAF-TOBACCO.
TWO and a half per cent. covers all charges for selling Tobacco at my house, and I guarantee at high prices, or good handling of Tobacco, and as prompt attention to business as any house in the market.
Respectfully,
Wm. P. Graves.
Jan. 27 Am.

TIME PRICE
\$58.00 PER
2,000 lbs.
Payable
Nov. 1.

Marshall C. Cameron, Dentist.
Late with Dr. D. A. ROBERTSON.
OFFERS his services to the citizens of Hillsboro and vicinity. CHARGES moderate, and satisfactory reference given if desired. Persons will be waited upon at their houses, until I can arrange a suitable office. All orders left at Dr. Hookers, Drug Store, will be promptly attended to.
Dec. 25th 1874. 6p.

This is to certify that Marshall Cameron, of Hillsboro, N. C. has been a student in my office for three years, commencing Nov. 18th 1874 and ending Nov. 18th 1875. I take great pleasure in recommending Dr. Marshall Cameron to any who may need his services as a dentist, feeling sure that he will do justice to his patients and honor to his profession.
Nov. 18 75.
D. A. ROBERTSON.

ESTABLISHED BUSINESS FOR SALE ON FAIR TERMS.
The subscribers wishing to retire from the Wholesale Fancy Goods and Notion business, to devote themselves exclusively to their manufacturing interests in the city, will dispose of their stock of goods on hand, store-furniture, and lease of Warehouse, on favorable terms, to parties wishing to embark in an already well established business.
The Warehouse, situated on Main street, in the best position in the city, is 120 feet deep, basement and first floor—the first floor is fitted with a skylight in the center, the second floor is 100 feet, and third 50 feet deep.
This is offered a house in which the Wholesale Fancy Goods and Notion business can be prosecuted on its largest scale, or a large combined Wholesale Dry Goods and Notion business can be done with ease.
Such an opportunity rarely offers itself to those wishing to enter in successful pursuits for procuring a well known and established business and business stand.
Arrangements may be made with M. R. Valentine to remain with a new firm till late in the Spring season.
The terms of the lease are favorable.
Parties desiring further information can procure it by addressing us.

M. S. Valentine and Co.
123 Main Street, RICHMOND, VA.
N. B.—In view of the contemplated change in our business, as stated above, we now offer special inducements to the trade, in supplying their stores with goods in our line, and invite city and country merchants to avail themselves of these inducements.
N. S. VALENTINE & CO.
15 2d St.

Pepper's Saloon AND RESTAURANTS.
White Front, Wilmington St., Near Second Door South of Hargett St., Near his old Stand now known as the "Pope's House."
RALEIGH N. C.
W. H. PEPPER, the most distinguished Caterer in the South, will open his new Saloon and Restaurant, on the corner of Third and Second streets, on Thursday, the 12th day of October 1875. The best of everything in the business will be found at Pepper's, served up in Pepper's best style.
Norfolk Opener. Meet at all hours.
Nov. 19 Am.

ST. JAMES HOTEL
12th, Opposite Bank St. & Capitol Square
Richmond, Va.
T. W. Boonstiger,
PROPRIETOR.
A new and first class Hotel, furnished in 1874 equal to any in the United States. The Proprietor assures comfort to the travelling public. Mr. John P. Ballard, will be glad to see his old friends and patrons.
1874 13.

